Yemen/Israel/Washington 19 October
The Pentagon confirmed that the USS Carney had downed three missiles and several drones launched by the Huthis. “We cannot say for certain what these drones and missiles were targeting, but they were launched from Yemen and heading north along the Red Sea, potentially towards targets in Israel”, a spokesperson said.

Israel/Lebanon/Golan 19 October
The Israeli military reported that dozens of rockets, claimed by Hamas, and anti-tank missiles were fired from Lebanon into northern Israel, injuring three. The IDF responded with artillery and airstrikes against Hizbollah targets and launch sites. An Israeli military spokesperson asserted that “Hizbollah will bear the consequences for all the actions”.

Tanf/Washington 19 October
A Pentagon spokesperson confirmed two drones had targeted U.S.-led counter-ISIS coalition forces in the al-Tanf garrison a day earlier; one was intercepted, the other caused minor injuries.

Iraq/Washington 18 October
CENTCOM confirmed that the day before “the U.S. military defended against three drones near U.S. and Coalition forces in Iraq. In western Iraq, U.S. forces engaged two drones, destroying one and damaging the second, resulting in minor injuries to Coalition forces. Separately in northern Iraq, U.S. forces engaged and destroyed a drone, resulting in no injuries or damage”. A Shiite militia group claimed responsibility for the latter.

Israel/Lebanon/Golan 18 October
The Israeli military reported multiple exchanges with Hizbollah, including anti-tank and missile fire from Lebanon and UAV as well as tank fire in return; Hizbollah reported two fatalities.

Washington/Tehran 18 October
Marking the automatic expiration of certain restrictions on Iran’s ballistic missile program set by UN Security Council resolution 2231 which endorsed the JCPOA, 47 state members of the
Proliferation Security Initiative, including UK, France, Germany and the U.S., issued a statement arguing that “Resolution 2231 was based on the assumption that Iran would take the necessary steps towards restoring confidence in the exclusively peaceful nature of its nuclear program. This has not happened. In this context, it is imperative that all States continue to take steps to counter Iran’s destabilising ballistic missile-related activities through ongoing counterproliferation cooperation”. They further expressed their commitment, with regard to Iran, “to take all necessary measures to prevent the supply, sale or transfer of ballistic missile-related items, materials, equipment, goods, and technology, to protect peace and stability in the region and beyond”. The same day, the U.S. designated, in total, thirteen individuals, twelve entities and one vessel based in Iran, Russia, Hong Kong, the People’s Republic of China (PRC) and Venezuela in relation to Iran’s ballistic missile and UAV programs, in addition to issuing an advisory “to private industry regarding Iranian missile procurement and related U.S. sanctions and export restrictions”. Iran’s foreign ministry issued a statement insisting that the 2231 restrictions had “terminated unconditionally”.

**Washington 18 October**

The U.S. sanctioned ten key Hamas members, including a “Qatar-based financial facilitator” with alleged “close ties to the Iranian regime”.