

DAILY SUMMARY

The Iran–U.S. Trigger List

Israel/Golan 29 January

Syrian state media [reported](#) Israeli airstrikes against “a number of points in southern Damascus”, killing or injuring “a number of civilians”.

Tehran 29 January

Iranian authorities [reported](#) uncovering “a terrorist team” in south east Iran allegedly “trying to enter the country with significant amounts of weapons, ammunition, and explosives with the aim of conducting acts of sabotage”.

Tehran 29 January

Iranian state media [reported](#) the execution of “four people convicted [in September 2023] of working for the Israeli Mossad spy agency and plotting a bomb attack against a Defence Ministry factory in the country’s central province of Isfahan”.

Washington 29 January

In coordination with the [UK](#), the U.S. [designated](#) “eleven [individuals](#) for their connection to a criminal network that has targeted foreign dissidents and Iranian regime opponents for assassination at the behest of Iran’s Ministry of Intelligence and Security (MOIS)... [they] are believed to be involved in a network that has carried out acts of transnational repression, including numerous assassinations and kidnappings, and has also plotted operations in the U.S.”. Concurrently, the Department of Justice [unsealed](#) an indictment against “one Iranian and two Canadian nationals... charged with conspiracy to use interstate commerce in the commission of a murder-for-hire plot”.

Washington/Iraq 29 January

The Treasury Department [identified](#) “Al-Huda Bank, an Iraqi bank that serves as a conduit for terrorist financing, as a foreign financial [institution](#) of primary money laundering concern”, in addition to designating the bank’s owner. It contended that “Al-Huda Bank and its foreign sponsors, including Iran and its proxy groups, divert funds that could otherwise support legitimate business and the economic aspirations of the Iraqi people. These bad actors fuel violence that threatens the stability of Iraq and the lives of U.S. and Iraqi citizens alike”.

Israel/Lebanon 28 January

Hizbollah [reported](#) striking multiple military targets in northern Israel, while the Israeli military [struck](#) Hizbollah infrastructure in southern Lebanon, including a command center, in addition to intercepting two “suspicious aerial targets” in the north; Hizbollah confirmed multiple fatalities.

Tehran 28 January

Iranian state media [reported](#) that the Defence Ministry had successfully launched three satellites using the Simorgh satellite carrier.

Washington/Tanf/Iraq 28 January

CENTCOM [confirmed](#) that “three U.S. service members were killed, and multiple personnel were injured from a one-way attack UAS that impacted on a base in north east Jordan, near the Syrian border”. President Biden [stated](#) that “while we are still gathering the facts of this attack, we know it was carried out by radical Iran-backed militant groups operating in Syria and Iraq... We will hold all those responsible to account at a time and in a manner our choosing”. The following day, Iran’s diplomatic spokesperson [maintained](#) that “Iran is not involved in the resistance groups’ decisions about how to support the Palestinian people or defend themselves and the people of their countries in the face of any aggression and occupation”.

Israel/Lebanon 27 January

Hizbollah [reported](#) conducting strikes against military targets in northern Israel, while the IDF [hit](#) Hizbollah infrastructure.